

# Reduced rank heterotic string theory without supersymmetry

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Based on arXiv:2303.04489 [hep-th]

NITEP 素粒子現象論研究会 2022@OMU

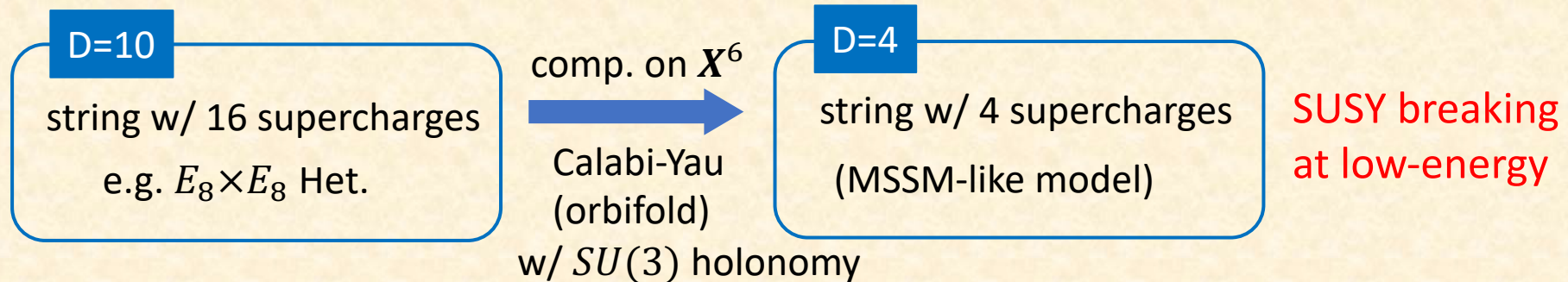
2023/03/17

# Introduction

# Motivation

- String theory is a promising candidate for unified theory.

a well-known scenario



- But, no signal of low-energy SUSY

→ non-supersymmetric string phenomenology?

(landscape of **non-SUSY** vacua > landscape of **SUSY** vacua)

difficulty    **very large cosmological constant**

in general,     $\Lambda^{(D)} \sim \mathcal{O}(M_S^D)$

How can we obtain small (or vanishing) cosmological constants WITHOUT SUSY?

# Heterotic strings with SUSY

[Gross-Harvey-Martinec-Rohm '85]

➤ What is heterotic string theory?

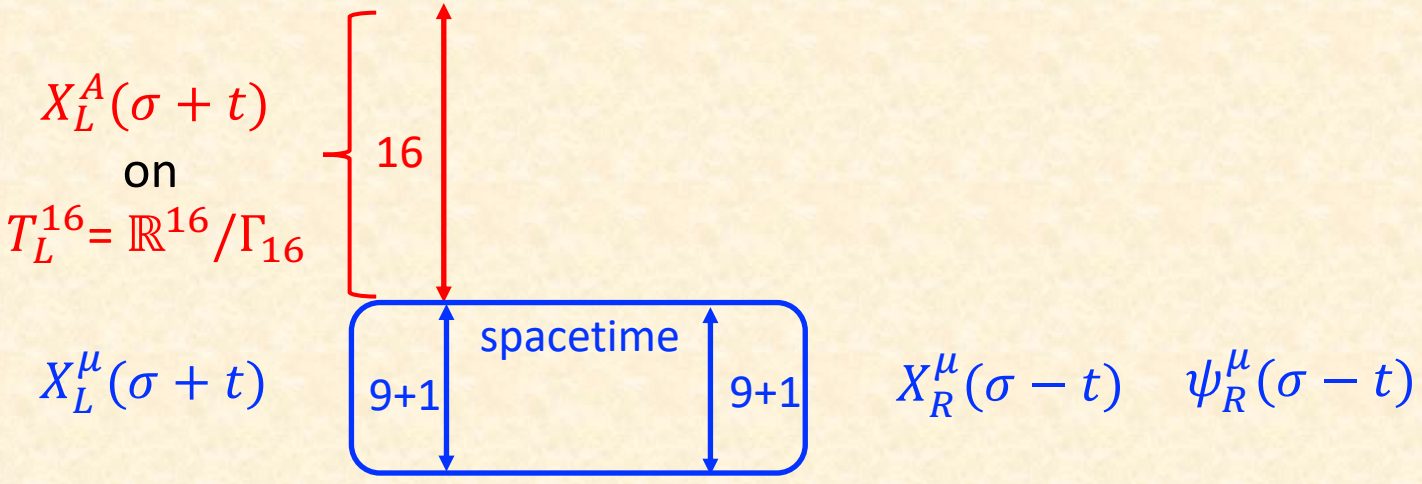
➔ closed string theory with different left and right d.o.f.

bosonic string in 26 dim.

L

R

superstring in 10 dim.



modular invariance (+ spacetime SUSY)

➔  $\Gamma_{16}$  must be a Euclidian even self-dual lattice  
 only two inequivalent such lattices in 16 dim.

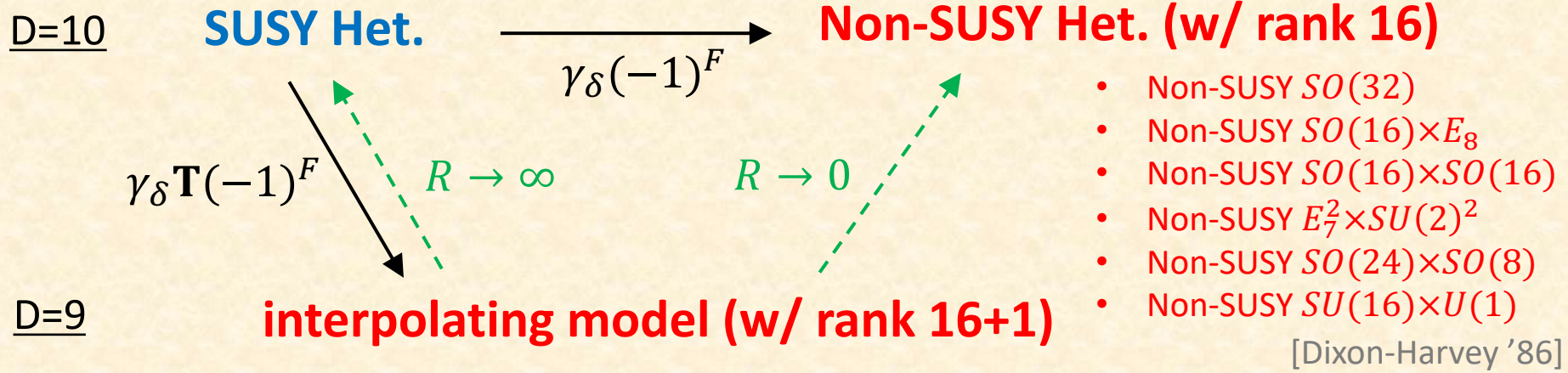
$\Gamma_{16} = \Gamma_{Spin(32)/\mathbb{Z}_2}$  ( $SO(32)$  Het.)    or     $\Gamma_{16} = \Gamma_{E_8} \oplus \Gamma_{E_8'}$  ( $E_8 \times E_8$  Het.)

# Heterotic strings without SUSY (rank 16+d)

➤ Construction: freely acting  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -orbifold

ingredients: three  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  generators

- $\gamma_\delta$  : half shift in  $T_L^{16}$  ➔  $X_L^A \rightarrow X_L^A + \delta^A$  ( $2\delta^A \in \Gamma_{16}$ )
- $\mathbf{T}$  : half shift in  $S^1$  ➔  $X^1 \rightarrow X^1 + \pi R$
- $(-1)^F$  :  $2\pi$  spatial rotation ➔ SUSY breaking

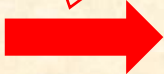


The 1-loop cosmological constant is evaluated as

$$\Lambda^{(9)} \sim \frac{\xi}{R^9} (n_F - n_B) + \mathcal{O}(e^{-R}) \quad \text{[Itoyama-Taylor '87]}$$

$n_F = n_B$

$n_F, n_B$ : #(massless fermions, bosons)



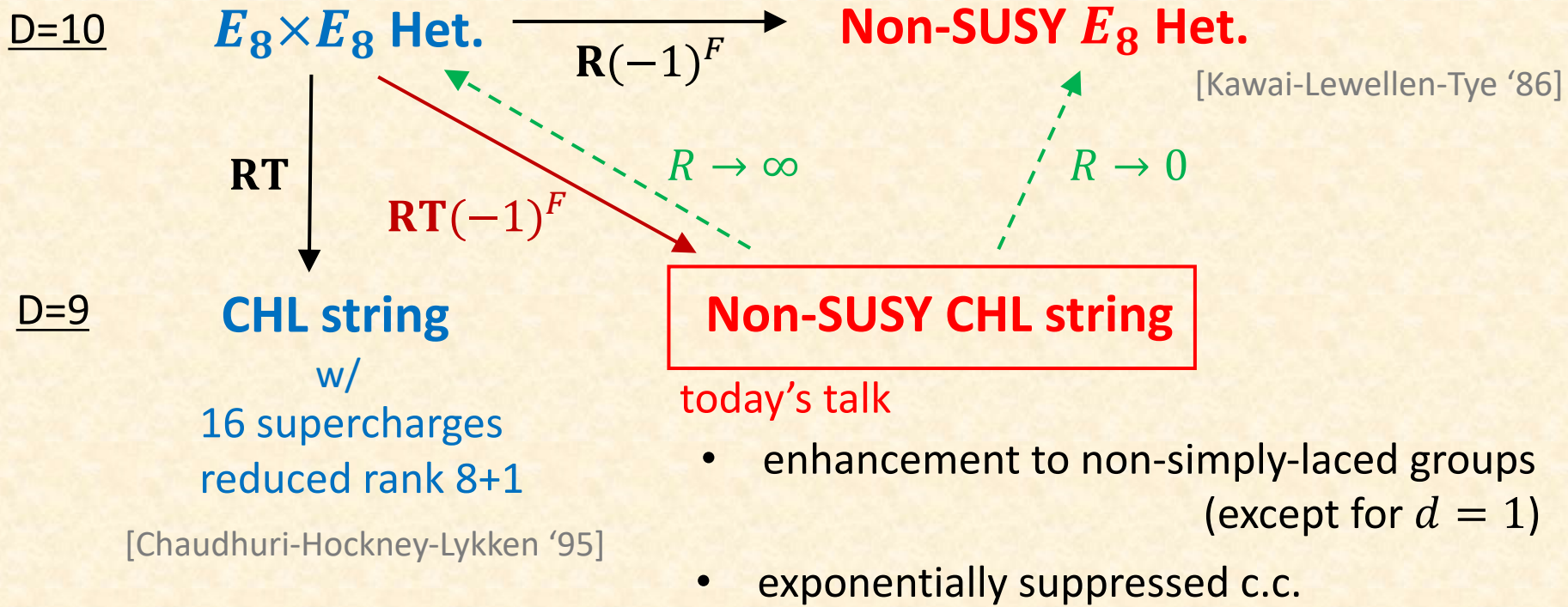
**exponentially suppressed cosmological constant!**

# Heterotic strings without SUSY (rank 8+d)

➤ Construction: asymmetric  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -orbifold

ingredients: three  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  generators

- **R** : exchange of the two  $E_8$  factors  $\rightarrow \Gamma_{E_8} \oplus \Gamma_{E'_8} \rightarrow \Gamma_{E'_8} \oplus \Gamma_{E_8}$
- **T** : half shift on  $S^1 \rightarrow X^1 \rightarrow X^1 + \pi R$
- $(-1)^F$  :  $2\pi$  spatial rotation  $\rightarrow$  SUSY breaking



# Outline

- **Review: CHL strings**
- **Non-SUSY CHL strings**
- **Cosmological constant**
- **Summary**

# Review: CHL strings



# Closed strings on orbifolds

[Dixon-Harvey-Vafa-Witten '85]

➤ (toroidal) orbifold:  $T^d/P$  ( $T^d = \mathbb{R}^d/\Gamma$ )

untwisted sector

$$X(\sigma + 2\pi) = X(\sigma) + Q \quad (Q \in \Gamma)$$

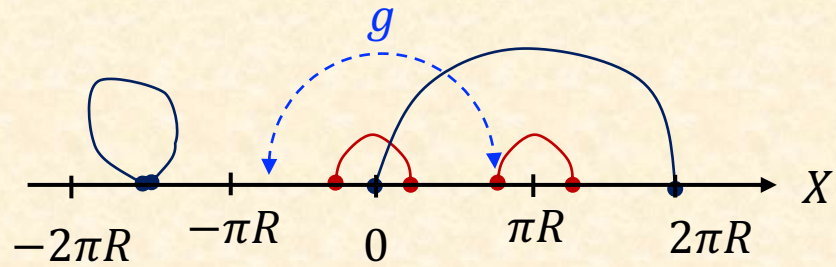
example:  $S^1/\mathbb{Z}_2$

$$X = X + 2\pi R$$

$$g: X \rightarrow -X$$

twisted sector

$$X(\sigma + 2\pi) = gX(\sigma) + Q \quad (g \in P)$$



➤ the CHL model

$$X_{\pm}^I := (X_L^I \pm X_L^{I+8})/\sqrt{2}$$

$$\mathbf{R}: (X_L^I, X_L^{I+8}) \rightarrow (X_L^{I+8}, X_L^I) \quad \mathbf{R}: X_{\pm}^I \rightarrow \pm X_{\pm}^I \quad \mathbf{T}: X^1 \rightarrow X^1 + \pi R$$

untwisted sector

$$X_{\pm}^I(\sigma + 2\pi) = X_{\pm}^I(\sigma) + Q_{\pm}^I \quad (Q_{\pm}^I \in \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\Gamma_{E_8})$$

$$X^1(\sigma + 2\pi) = X^1(\sigma) + 2\pi w R \quad (w \in \mathbb{Z})$$

twisted sector

$$X_{\pm}^I(\sigma + 2\pi) = \pm X_{\pm}^I(\sigma) + Q_{\pm}^I$$

$$X^1(\sigma + 2\pi) = X^1(\sigma) + \pi R + 2\pi \tilde{w} R = X^1(\sigma) + 2\pi w R \quad (w \in \mathbb{Z} + \frac{1}{2})$$

# Spectrum

## ➤ Mass formula

- Right:  $M_R^2 = p_R^2 + \tilde{N}$
  - Left:  $M_L^2 = P_L^2 + N - a$
- $N, \tilde{N} \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$        $a = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{(untwisted sector)} \\ 1 & \text{(twisted sector)} \end{cases}$

internal momentum

$(P_L; p_R) = (\ell_+, p_L; p_R) = (\pi, w, n) \mathcal{E}(G, B, a) \in \text{charge lattice w/ } (8+d, d)$

## ➤ Massless spectrum

- Right:  $p_R^2 = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{8}_V, \mathbf{8}_S$  of the spacetime  $SO(8)$

- Left:

untwisted sector

$P_L^2 = 0 \rightarrow$  gravity multiplet  
gauge bosons of  $U(1)^{8+d}$

$P_L^2 = 1 \rightarrow$  short roots

$P_L^2 = 2 \rightarrow$  long roots

twisted sector

$P_L^2 = 1 \rightarrow$  short roots

enhancement to non-simply-laced

# Non-SUSY CHL strings

# Partition function

Torus partition function:  $Z(\tau) = \text{Tr} \left[ e^{-2\pi\tau_2 H_t} e^{-2\pi i\tau_1 P_\sigma} \right]$

- CHL strings (twisted by **RT**)

$$Z_{\text{CHL}}^{(10-d)} = \frac{1}{2} Z_B^{(8-d)} \underbrace{(\bar{V}_8 - \bar{S}_8)}_{\mathbf{8}_V \quad \mathbf{8}_S} \underbrace{\{Z(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}) + Z(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{RT})\}}_{w^1 \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \text{untw.}} + \underbrace{Z(\mathbf{RT}, \mathbf{1}) + Z(\mathbf{RT}, \mathbf{RT})}_{w^1 \in \mathbb{Z} + 1/2 \quad \text{tw.}}$$

- Non-SUSY CHL strings (twisted by **RT(-1)<sup>F</sup>**)

$$Z_{\mathcal{N}=0}^{(10-d)} = \frac{1}{2} Z_B^{(8-d)} \underbrace{\{\bar{V}_8 (Z(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}) + Z(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{RT})) - \bar{S}_8 (Z(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}) + Z(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{RT}))\}}_{\mathbf{8}_V \quad \mathbf{8}_S \quad \text{RT even} \quad \text{RT odd} \quad \text{untw.}} + \underbrace{\{\bar{O}_8 (Z(\mathbf{RT}, \mathbf{1}) - Z(\mathbf{RT}, \mathbf{RT})) - \bar{C}_8 (Z(\mathbf{RT}, \mathbf{1}) + Z(\mathbf{RT}, \mathbf{RT}))\}}_{\text{scalar} \quad \mathbf{8}_C \quad \text{tw.}}$$

$\Delta_{G_{\mathcal{N}=0}} = \{P_L \in \Delta_{G_{\text{CHL}}} \mid w^1 \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ 

 $\Delta_{G_{\mathcal{N}=0}} \setminus \Delta_{G_{\text{CHL}}} = \{P_L \in \Delta_{G_{\text{CHL}}} \mid w^1 \in \mathbb{Z} + \frac{1}{2}\}$

( $\Delta_G$ : a set of nonzero roots of a non-Abelian group  $G$ )

- Orbifold projection for states w/ **long roots**

$\left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{Bosonic} \\ \text{Fermionic} \end{array} \right]$  states with  $n_1 \left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{even} \\ \text{odd} \end{array} \right]$  survive under the projection.

# Spectrum

➤  $d = 1$        $a = 0$

$$G_{CHL} = G_{\mathcal{N}=0} = E_8 \times U(1)_I$$

(at generic  $R$ )

$\mathbf{8}_S$  in the adjoint rep. of the  $E_8$

	$R = 1$	$R = \sqrt{2}$		$R = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{ w } (w \in \mathbb{Z} + \frac{1}{2})$
space-time $SO(8)$ reps.	$\mathbf{8}_S$	$\mathbf{8}_C$	scalar	scalar
$E_8$ reps.	singlet	singlet	adjoint	singlet
$U(1)_I$ -charge $(w, n)$	$(\pm 1, \pm 1)$	$(\pm \frac{1}{2}, \pm 1)$	$(\pm \frac{1}{2}, \mp 1)$	$(\pm \sqrt{2} R^{-1}, 0)$

$$G_{CHL} = E_8 \times SU(2)$$

➤  $d = 2$

Example 1.     $E = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$      $a_1 = -\frac{1}{6}(-1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -5)$      $a_2 = 0$      $\rightarrow G_{CHL} = C_{10}$

Example 2.     $E = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$      $a_1 = \frac{1}{2}(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1, 1)$      $a_2 = \frac{1}{5}(0, 0, 0, -1, -1, -1, -1, 4)$

$(E := G - B + a \cdot a)$      $\rightarrow G_{CHL} = A_4 \times C_6$

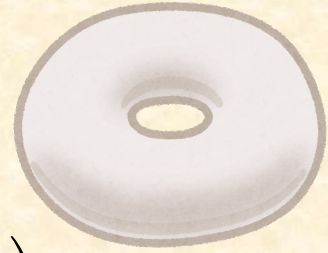
	Gauge sym.	$\mathbf{8}_S$	$\mathbf{8}_C$	Scalar
Example 1	$C_1 \times C_9$	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{152})$	$(\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{18})$	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{152}) \times 4$
Example 2	$A_4 \times C_2 \times C_4$	$\mathbf{24} \oplus \mathbf{5} \oplus \mathbf{42}$	$(\mathbf{4}, \mathbf{8})$	—

# Cosmological constant

# Cosmological constant

Background:  $S^1 \times T^{d-1}$   $\rightarrow$  the moduli:  $(R, a_1; G', B', a')$   
 $\uparrow$  SS mechanism

- cosmological constant  $\Leftrightarrow$  vacuum energy density at one-loop



$$\Lambda^{(10-d)} = -\frac{1}{2} (4\pi^2 \alpha')^{-\frac{10-d}{2}} \int_{\mathcal{F}} \frac{d^2\tau}{\tau_2^2} Z_{\mathcal{N}=0}^{(10-d)}$$

$R \gg 1$

$$\sim -\frac{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11-d}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \left(\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\alpha'} R\right)^{10-d}} \sum_{n \geq 1} (2n-1)^{d-11} \left( \underbrace{64}_{\text{gravitational sector + KK bosons}} + 8 \underbrace{\sum_{\substack{p'_R=0 \\ P_L'^2=2}} \cos[\pi(2n-1)\rho \cdot a_1]}_{\text{gauge sector with long roots } (\rho := \pi - w' a')} \right) + \mathcal{O}(e^{-R})$$

assume

$n_1 = \rho \cdot a_1 \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\sim \frac{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11-d}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \left(\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\alpha'} R\right)^{10-d}} \sum_{n \geq 1} (2n-1)^{d-11} \underline{(n_F - n_B)}$$

$\rho \cdot a_1 \begin{cases} \text{even} \rightarrow \text{bosonic} \\ \text{odd} \rightarrow \text{fermionic} \end{cases}$

- $d = 1$  No solutions of  $P_L'^2 = 2$

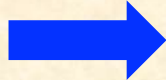
$$\Lambda^{(9)} \sim -\frac{48}{\pi^{14} \left(\sqrt{\alpha'} R\right)^9} 2^{-10} \zeta\left(10, \frac{1}{2}\right) 64 < 0$$

# Exponential suppression


The condition for the suppression:  $\sum_{\substack{p'_R=0 \\ P'_L=2}} \cos [\pi(2n-1)\rho \cdot a_1] = -8$

- Example in  $d = 2$ :  $S^1 \times S^1$

$$R' = \frac{1}{2}, \quad a' = -\frac{1}{4} (0^4, 1^3, -3)$$


$p'_R = 0, P'_L = 2$   the eight solutions:  
 $(w'; \pi) = \pm (1; 0^8), \pm (1; 0^4, \underline{-2, 0^2}, 2)$

$$a_1 = (0^6, -1, 1)$$


  $\sum_{\rho} \cos [\pi(2n-1)\rho \cdot a_1] = 0 - 8$

- Example in  $d = 3$ :  $S^1 \times T^2$

$$E' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad a_2 = 0, \quad a_3 = \frac{1}{8} (1^7, -7)$$

$p'_R = 0, P'_L = 2$   the sixteen solutions:  
 $(w'; \pi) = \pm (0, 1; 0^8), \pm (0, 1; \underline{2, 0^6}, -2)$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{2} (0^6, 7, 1)$$

  $\sum_{\rho} \cos [\pi(2n-1)\rho \cdot a_1] = 4 - 12$



# Summary

# Conclusion & Outlook

- The reduced rank non-supersymmetric model is constructed by the asymmetric orbifold twist  $\mathbf{RT}(-1)^F$ .
- The gauge symmetry can be enhanced to non-simply-laced groups.

Does a systematic way to explore the moduli space exist?

(c.f. [Font-Fraiman-Grana-Nunez-Freitas '20 '21])

- Exponential suppression of the cosmological constant is possible **maybe at unstable points**.

Is it possible to realize the suppressed cosmological const. with the moduli stabilized?

**Wilson lines, radion**

Thank you for your attention!

**Back up**